

UNION COUNTY STAR AND LEWISBURG CHRONICLE.

BY O. N. WORDEN AND J. R. CORNELIUS.

AT \$1.50 per Year, always in Advance.

LEWISBURG, UNION CO., PA., FRIDAY, MARCH 7, 1862.

"THE UNION," established in 1814--Whole No. 2,513.

"CHRONICLE," established in 1843--Whole No. 934.

PUBLISHED SEMI-WEEKLY--

Tuesday Morning & Friday Afternoon.

The first few days of March have been unusually cold in this region.

Mr. Squires has moved his Boat & Shoe Store into Mr. Scott's, opposite the Lewisburg Bank.

On Monday, the Pa. Supreme Court affirmed the finding of the Court below in the case of *Rober & Musser vs. University at Lewisburg*.

We learn that the second week's court for Snyder county closed yesterday--Judge Woods having finished all the business brought before him.

From the extracts we have read of Prof. Hart's work on the "Mistakes of Educated Men," we think it well worth the attention of every one who can read.

Some of the citizens of Millbury propose extending the Telegraph line to that place. It would often be found a very great convenience to the town and vicinity.

CAPT. HENRY, who fell on Roanoke, was a nephew of the late Geo. W. Scranton and had an appointment to an office worth \$2,000 a year, but he declined accepting it until the War should close.

Cal. Maxwell having resigned, Charles C. Campbell is appointed to be commander of the 57th Reg. Pa. Vol.

By orders from the War Department, Capt. Ullman's and Capt. Wolfe's light Artillery companies have been consolidated, as infantry, with Meredith's Reg.

SAD ACCIDENT--Thomas Peifer, proprietor of a line of freight cars on our Railroads, was instantly killed at Harrisburg, Tuesday last. He was looking at one train in motion, when another knocked him down, and ran over him, crushing him horribly. He was about 50 years of age, and as a man and a citizen greatly esteemed.

Several boxes from our Soldiers on the Potomac, arrived at Lewisburg, Tues-

day. They indicate new supply of clothes, warm weather, an onward step--or it may be all three.

We suggest that these rough old Blue Garments be carefully cleansed and preserved by each family, as cherished relics of the War in after years.

HON. HENRY C. HICKORY, last Monday evening, addressed the Board of Trade in Philadelphia, on the subject of the Petroleum Wells of Western Pennsylvania, and stated a variety of facts showing the great extent and capacity of that Oil field, and the wide and increasing demands for its wonderful product. Yet, he had seen but two Philadelphians at the Wells--so far, persons from other States having mostly monopolized the business.

Township and Borough Elections this year on Friday, March 21st. Where the Democrats have the majority, they will elect every Officer if they can; when they are in the minority, they will want to "divide" and "compromise." The first thing is to get good men for every place; the next is to get men heartily in favor of sustaining President Lincoln in his efforts to put down Rebellion.

Gen. Fremont endured the rank injustice of Gen. Thomas' one-sided report against him in his absence, in a dignified silence. This week, Fremont's defense appears. It is pronounced admirable in temper and complete in justification of his conduct. He has been unfairly dealt with. Had he been well supported from the start, his army we believe would now have been in New Orleans. All interested should obtain and read his defense. It appears in full in an extra Tribune.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY.

A full meeting of Stockholders at the Central Station, Baltimore, 27th ult. made choice of the following Board of Directors for the ensuing year:

Simon Cameron, E.C. Bidle, J.D. Potts, Wm. Collier, J.R. Ely, J.A. Wright, Alex. Small, Fairman Rogers, J.D. Cameron, A. E. Kapp, Henry Welsh, Frank Newcomer.

The Directors elected as Officers:

President--A. B. Warford.

Vice-President--J. D. Cameron.

Treasurer--John S. Leib.

Secretary--R. S. Hollins.

Genl. Sup't--J. N. DuBarry.

Freight Agent--Geo. A. Hathaway.

The Treasurer's Report for 1861 footed up as follows:

Revenue.....\$1,417,977 06

Expenses.....681,832 20

Nett Revenue.....\$736,144 86

With such a balance, under efficient management, this appears to be one of our most prosperous Railways.

The esteemed Poetess, Mrs. Lydia Jane Pierson, died recently in Adrian, Mich. She was born in Middletown, Conn., but spent a large part of her life in seceded home at Liberty, Tioga Co., Pa., living some time also at Lancaster. She saw much sorrow in her day, and her pen was a means of comfort and of support.

ANTHONY BURNS, the escaped slave, whose case excited so much interest, has lately been settled as pastor of the colored Baptist church at St. Catharine's, Canada West.

Loyalty of East Balt. M.E. Conference.

Wednesday, this body commenced its session, in Baltimore. The following expression of views was offered by Aquila A. Rees and Geo. D. Chenowith:

Whereas, since the last annual session of this body, a fearful rebellion has broken out in several of the Southern States, threatening to overthrow the most benign government the world ever saw; and whereas, the Federal authority has been compelled to use force of arms to suppress and rebellion, and to maintain its own supremacy; and whereas, patriotism is a Christian duty, taught in the Word of God, and enjoined upon us by the 23d Article of the Discipline; therefore,

Resolved, 1st, That as a body of Christian ministers, in Conference assembled, we hereby express our adherence of the rebellion now existing within our borders, as being treasonable in its origin, sanguinary in its progress, and as tending to retard the advancement of civil liberty throughout the world.

2d, That we hereby approve and endorse the present wise and patriotic administration of the Federal Government in its efforts to defeat the plans and to overcome the armed resistance of the so-called Confederate States, with a view to maintaining and perpetuating the unity of this Government.

3d, That in our patriotic efforts in the past or present to sustain the Government of our country in this, her hour of trial, we are not justly liable to the charge of political treachery; and in the incitation of loyal principles and sentiments, we recognize the pulpit and the press as legitimate instrumentalities.

4th, That a copy of the foregoing preamble and resolutions be transmitted to the President of the United States, signed by President, and countersigned by the Secretary of the Conference.

After an animated debate, these were adopted by a vote of 182 to 105.

Now--Moore J. Waterhouse, Deale, J. H. French, Holley, Hall, Keeler, Robey, McCourtney, Morris, Parsons, Wm. H. Weston, Cartwright, Stevenson, Springer and Watt--1.

It had passed into a proverb of old that "one renegaded Christian is worse than ten Turks." Of late, it is notorious that an apostate infidel Yankee--forgetting or violating all his early lessons, principles, and prophecies--becomes the meanest and worst of all slaves, overseers, and masters, (just as a fallen woman is most repulsive of all human beings.) So there are traitors from every Northern State in the Southern Army and Navy--privates not only, but Officers who have broken their solemn oaths to the United States which had fed them long and well. To their credit be it said, thousands of Free State men escaped from Rebellion, sacrificing millions of dollars, rather than raise murderous hands against an over-indulgent mother government; and many others, unable or unwilling to leave their all, submit to the exactings of Davis' military mob, but refuse to take any active part in fighting their loyal brethren. It should be borne in mind, of course, that Northerners--being suspected--are in a manner constrained to be violent in their devotion to Secession, unless they have more than ordinary moral and physical courage. A few citizens of our own county, we regret to say--men of the best families, of both parties--have more or less yielded to the current at the South; and one, it is said, taken at Fort Donelson, is now a prisoner at Chicago. Well, "accidents will happen among the best folks," anywhere--"colored mutinies" are not rare--and those who have never encouraged or justified the Rebels in their demands or revolt, need no self-reproach, however much they may lament the errors and sins of kindred. And we venture to say that when the Aristocrats' Insurrection is suppressed, most of their Northern-born adherents will be found to have acted more from compulsion than from choice.

The "Anaconda" of the Mississippi.

COLUMBUS, in Kentucky, which the Rebels have just abandoned after all the toll and expense they have for six months been at in fortifying it, was considered by them "the Key of the Mississippi," and the "Western Sebastopol." It is to them a serious blow to be obliged to vacate so commanding a point.

The Rebels have drifted down 10 miles to "Island No. Ten," in Obion Co., N.W. corner of Tennessee. Its defences are not known, but it seems easier approached by land and by water, than was Columbus.

Altogether, the Rebel rule is crumbling fast at the West.

The account of the occupation of Nash-

ville on Sunday, is fully confirmed.

The Union sentiment there is stated to be very strong, and it is said that Gov. Harris

was fairly driven away by Union men.

Before leaving, he made a speech, in which he advised the citizens to burn their private property, and called on Tennesseeans to rally to his standard at Ne-

mington; but no one paid any attention to his mad advice.

Memphis papers say that on the 18th ult. Gen. Polk ordered the Memphis & Ohio railroad to be torn up, and the bridges destroyed, preparatory to the evacuation of Columbus. The forces there were to fall back to Island No. 10, about forty-five miles below Columbus.

The destruction of the railroad bridge at Nashville, it is stated, was by order of Floyd, against the protest of the citizens.

One Hundred Thousand Dollars' worth

of King Cotton were released at Nashville

to be sent to a Northern market.

Judge Jones' Views.

Many of our readers will remember that Ex-Judge J. Richter Jones, of Sullivan Co., Pa., was of the most rigid school of modern Democracy, and we believe lately wrote a book in palliation of Slavery. But he had a revered and patriotic ancestry, and this war has materially modified his views and feelings on the Great Question. He has raised a fine Volunteer Regiment, for the Union service. Attending a recent Welch festival in Philadelphia, he is thus reported in the Inquirer.

Gen. Robert Patterson called on Col. J. Richter Jones, under whose grandfather he (Patterson) served in 1812, to reply

Death of General Lander.

All loyal citizens were shocked by the news that Gen. F.W. LANDER had died at his post, in Northern Virginia, Sunday, 21 inst. He was wounded at Bull's Bluff, from which he never recovered, (although he kept the field,) and a sudden stroke of congestion of the brain proved fatal to a constitution of iron. He was married but a few years since to Miss Davy, the actress. His age was only 38 years.

Gen. Lander was a native of that "nursery of men," Massachusetts. In personal valor and courage, he leaves no superior. His Western surveys--his aid to POTTER in muzzling the daring braggarts of the Prior tribe in Congress--and his whole-souled and successful labors in crushing Rebellion--will long be cherished.

As a man, Frederick W. Lander was admired and beloved. His education was respectable, and his literary tastes and talents good. One of his latest productions was in verse, elicited by a parting remark from the lamented Col. Edward D. Baker. Not a West Pointer, yet Gen. Lander took arms so naturally that Gen. Scott it is said regarded him as the most promising military man in America.

It is sad to remember, that this superior leader some time since asked to be relieved on account of his wound, but yielded to a pressing request to continue. Where so many officers are faithless or indolent, he was invaluable--and yet, had he been allowed until his health was re-established, he might have been far more useful.

The following "war bulletin," thanking Gen. Lander for his late brilliant sweep in Virginia, is a lasting tribute to his worth by President:

WAR DEPARTMENT.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17, 1862.

To Brig.-Gen. F. W. LANDER.

The President directs me to say that he has observed with pleasure the activity and enterprise manifested by yourself and by the officers and soldiers of your command. You have shown how much may be done, in the worst weather and the head of a small force of brave men, unwilling to waste life in camp when the enemies of their country are within reach. Your brilliant success is a happy presage of what may be expected when the Army of the Potomac shall be led to the field by their gallant Generals.

EDWARD D. BAKER.

TO THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE.

Washington, Feb. 17, 1862.

My dear Sir:

I have the honor to thank you for your

kind and considerate letter of the 17th instant, in which you assure me that my

return to the field of battle is now

imperative.

Yours very truly,

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